

LNG ENERGY LTD.

**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Unaudited)**

June 30, 2012

LNG Energy Ltd.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

(in Canadian dollars, unaudited)	June 30, 2012	As at September 30, 2011	October 1, 2010
		(Note 16)	(Note 16)
ASSETS			
Current			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,242,485	\$ 20,510,667	\$ 10,036,105
Short term investments	-	-	9,015,750
Amounts receivable	534,185	409,267	314,242
Prepaid expenses, advances and other deposits	502,698	462,530	423,467
	3,279,368	21,382,464	19,789,564
Investments	1,023	5,243	6,176
Exploration and evaluation assets (Note 8)	78,658,941	60,826,781	32,198,880
Property, plant and equipment (Note 9)	208,226	201,904	17,704,204
Total Assets	\$ 82,147,558	\$ 82,416,392	\$ 69,698,824
LIABILITIES			
Current			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 1,191,095	\$ 6,685,214	\$ 1,442,148
Loans payable (Note 12)	5,215,120	-	-
	6,406,215	6,685,214	1,442,148
Decommissioning obligations (Note 11)	37,857	37,820	3,019
Total Liabilities	6,444,072	6,723,034	1,445,167
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY			
Share capital (Note 13)	103,210,474	103,055,103	84,033,523
Contributed surplus	12,305,527	12,073,436	7,143,351
Accumulated other comprehensive income	9,686,878	4,984,841	-
Deficit	(49,499,393)	(44,420,022)	(22,923,217)
Total Shareholders' Equity	75,703,486	75,693,358	68,253,657
Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity	\$ 82,147,558	\$ 82,416,392	\$ 69,698,824
Going Concern (Note 2)			

See accompanying notes to these condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

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CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF LOSS AND COMPREHENSIVE LOSS

(in Canadian dollars, unaudited)	Three Months Ended June 30,		Nine Months Ended June 30,	
	2012	2011 (Note 16)	2012	2011 (Note 16)
Expenses				
Depletion and depreciation	\$ 11,636	\$ 16,375	\$ 32,017	\$ 42,765
General and administrative expenses	484,076	555,401	1,661,576	1,982,899
Loss on disposal of asset	-	-	-	20,702
Unrealized loss (gain) on investment	977	(8,630)	4,223	(12,152)
Professional fees	525,288	407,154	1,560,448	1,249,396
Stock based compensation (Note 13)	55,728	2,780,268	70,907	3,560,454
Travel and business development	110,878	141,461	416,823	447,495
	(1,188,583)	(3,892,029)	(3,745,994)	(7,291,559)
Accretion expense	(1,457)	-	(1,683)	-
Interest expense (Note 12)	(66,410)	-	(126,906)	-
Foreign exchange gain (loss)	(348,151)	38,481	(1,132,156)	(78,569)
Other income	21,274	(84,709)	23,850	13,065
	(394,744)	(46,228)	(1,236,895)	(65,504)
Loss from continuing operations	(1,583,327)	(3,938,257)	(4,982,889)	(7,357,063)
Loss from discontinued operations (Note 7)	(12,948)	(1,810,832)	(59,690)	(13,366,547)
Net loss for the period before tax	\$ (1,596,275)	\$ (5,749,089)	\$ (5,042,579)	\$ (20,723,610)
Income recovery (tax)	(2,085)	13,507	(36,792)	2,333
Net loss for the period	\$ (1,598,360)	\$ (5,735,582)	\$ (5,079,371)	\$ (20,721,277)
Other comprehensive income				
Foreign currency translation	2,036,392	4,484,672	4,702,037	1,320,729
Comprehensive income (loss) for the period	\$ 438,032	\$ (1,250,910)	\$ (377,334)	\$ (19,400,548)
Loss per share: (Note 13)				
Basic and diluted from continuing operations	(0.00)	(0.02)	(0.01)	(0.03)
Basic and diluted from discontinuing operations	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.05)
Basic and diluted	(0.00)	(0.02)	(0.01)	(0.08)

See accompanying notes to these condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

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CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

(in Canadian dollars, unaudited)	Number of shares	Share Capital	Contributed Surplus	Deficit	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income	Total Shareholders' Equity
Balance, October 1, 2010 (Note 16)	257,234,365	\$ 84,033,523	\$ 7,143,351	\$ (22,923,217)	\$ -	\$ 68,253,657
Stock-based compensation	-	-	4,921,961	-	-	4,921,961
Shares issued upon exercise of options	675,000	327,809	(165,559)	-	-	162,250
Share issue costs	-	4,667	-	-	-	4,667
Net loss for the period	-	-	-	(20,721,277)	-	(20,721,277)
Foreign currency translation	-	-	-	-	1,320,729	1,320,729
Balance, June 30, 2011	257,909,365	\$ 84,365,999	\$ 11,899,753	\$ (43,644,494)	\$ 1,320,729	\$ 53,941,987
Stock-based compensation	-	-	198,408	-	-	198,408
Shares issued upon exercise of options	150,000	52,933	(24,725)	-	-	28,208
Shares issued upon financing	80,460,000	20,115,000	-	-	-	20,115,000
Share issue costs	-	(1,478,829)	-	-	-	(1,478,829)
Net loss for the period	-	-	-	(775,528)	-	(775,528)
Foreign currency translation	-	-	-	-	3,664,112	3,664,112
Balance, September 30, 2011	338,519,365	103,055,103	12,073,436	(44,420,022)	4,984,841	75,693,358
Balance, October 1, 2011 (Note 16)	338,519,365	\$ 103,055,103	\$ 12,073,436	\$ (44,420,022)	\$ 4,984,841	\$ 75,693,358
Stock-based compensation	-	-	367,462	-	-	367,462
Shares issued upon exercise of options	200,000	155,371	(135,371)	-	-	20,000
Share issue costs	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net loss for the period	-	-	-	(5,079,371)	-	(5,079,371)
Foreign currency translation	-	-	-	-	4,702,037	4,702,037
Balance, June 30, 2012	338,719,365	\$ 103,210,474	\$ 12,305,527	\$ (49,499,393)	\$ 9,686,878	\$ 75,703,486

See accompanying notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

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CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

(in Canadian dollars, unaudited)	THREE MONTH ENDED JUNE 30,		NINE MONTH ENDED JUNE 30,	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
Operating activities:				
Net loss	\$ (1,598,360)	\$ (5,735,582)	\$ (5,079,371)	\$ (20,721,277)
Items not affecting cash:				
Depletion and depreciation (Note 7 and 9)	11,636	16,375	32,017	42,765
Accretion expense	1,457	-	1,683	-
Stock-based compensation	-	2,780,268	70,907	3,560,454
Interest expense (Note 12)	66,410	-	126,906	-
Loss on disposal of asset	-	-	-	20,702
Impairment (Note 7)	-	184	-	13,760,603
Recovery on taxes	-	-	-	(2,266,500)
Unrealized foreign exchange loss (gain)	(242,801)	1,798,363	292,847	2,097,934
Unrealized loss (gain) on investments	(557)	(8,630)	4,223	(12,152)
	(1,762,215)	(1,149,022)	(4,550,788)	(3,517,471)
Changes in non-cash working capital (Notes 7 and 14)	(109,172)	(1,116,645)	(1,005,319)	(645,439)
	(1,871,387)	(2,265,667)	(5,556,107)	(4,162,910)
Financing activities:				
Proceeds from stock option exercises	-	20,625	20,000	162,250
Proceeds from share issue costs	-	-	-	4,667
Proceeds from loan	-	-	4,992,500	-
	-	20,625	5,012,500	166,917
Investing activities:				
Exploration and evaluation expenditures	(1,230,118)	(4,434,248)	(13,043,362)	(13,622,198)
Property, plant and equipment proceeds	(6,322)	(12,783)	(6,322)	(44,386)
Short term investments	-	-	-	6,307,875
Proceeds from sale of US asset	-	4,960,188	-	4,960,188
Change in non-cash working capital (Note 14)	(257,571)	112,118	(4,653,890)	(32,109)
	(1,494,011)	625,275	(17,703,574)	(2,430,630)
Foreign exchange effect on cash and cash equivalents	(87,479)	784	(21,001)	481
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(3,452,877)	(1,618,983)	(18,268,182)	(6,426,142)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	5,695,362	5,228,946	20,510,667	10,036,105
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 2,242,485	\$ 3,609,963	\$ 2,242,485	\$ 3,609,963

See accompanying notes to these condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

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NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)
As of and for the Three and Nine Months Ended June 30, 2012 and 2011
(in Canadian dollars)

1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS

LNG Energy Ltd. (the "Company" or "LNG") was incorporated on February 24, 2000 in the Province of British Columbia and changed its name to "LNG Energy Ltd." on March 28, 2008. The Company's common shares began trading under the symbol "LNG" on the TSX Venture Exchange on March 28, 2008. The Company is engaged in exploration activities of oil and gas properties in Papua New Guinea, Poland and Bulgaria. The address of LNG's registered office is 250, 1075 West Georgia Street, Vancouver, British Columbia.

2. GOING CONCERN

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared on the basis of accounting principles applicable to a going concern. These principles assume that the Company will be able to realize its assets and discharge its obligations in the normal course of operations for the foreseeable future. The Company is in the exploration stage and as such, the Company does not generate cash inflows from operations. To date, expenditures are financed by way of equity issuance. The recoverability of the Company's assets is uncertain and dependent upon achieving significant commercial production.

During the nine months ended June 30, 2012, the Company incurred a net loss of \$5,079,371, used \$5,556,107 of cash flow in its operating activities and had an accumulated deficit of \$49,499,393. As at June 30, 2012, the Company has working capital of \$(3,126,847). The Company's working capital is not sufficient to meet all the oil and gas exploration work program commitments as outlined in Note 8. The Company is considering various alternatives to remedy any future shortfall in capital.

The Company's ability to continue as a going concern is dependent upon obtaining the necessary financing to complete further exploration and development activities and generate profitable operations from its oil and natural gas interests in the future. The Company's current operations are dependent upon the adequacy of its current assets to meet its current expenditure requirements and the accuracy of management's estimates of those requirements. Should those estimates be materially incorrect, the Company's ability to continue as a going concern could be impaired. Management believes the going concern assumption to be appropriate for these condensed consolidated interim financial statements. Should the going concern assumption not be appropriate and the Company is not able to realize its assets and settle its liabilities and commitments (as described in Note 8), these condensed consolidated interim financial statements would require adjustments to the amounts and classifications of assets and liabilities, and these adjustments could be significant.

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3. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

a) Statement of compliance

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IAS 34 - Interim Financial Reporting of the International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"). These condensed consolidated interim financial statements are the Company's first IFRS condensed consolidated interim financial statements after its transition to reporting in accordance with IFRS and before the issuance of its first publicly issued annual consolidated IFRS financial statements. IFRS 1 - First-time Adoption of IFRS 1 has been applied to these condensed consolidated interim financial statements. These condensed consolidated interim financial statements use the accounting policies which the Company expects to adopt in its annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2012, with the exception of certain disclosures that are normally required to be included in annual consolidated financial statements which have been condensed or omitted.

An explanation of how the transition to IFRS has affected the reported financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company is provided in Note 16. The note includes reconciliations of equity and net loss for comparative periods under Canadian generally accepted accounting principles ("previous GAAP") to IFRS.

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements were authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on August 23, 2012.

b) Basis of measurement

These financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis.

c) Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is the Company's functional currency. Several of LNG's subsidiaries transact in currencies other than the Canadian dollar and accordingly have functional currencies other than the Canadian dollar. The functional currency of a subsidiary is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the subsidiary operates. The Company has subsidiaries whereby the functional currency has been determined to be the Papua New Guinea Kina and the Polish Zloty. Transactions denominated in a currency other than the functional currency are translated at the rates on the date of the transaction. Any monetary items held in a currency other than the functional currency of the subsidiary are translated to the functional currency at the prevailing rate as at the date of the balance sheet. All exchange differences arising as a result of the translation to the functional currency are recorded in profit or loss.

Translation of all assets and liabilities from the respective functional currencies to the reporting currency is performed using the rates prevailing at the balance sheet date. The differences arising upon translation from the functional currency to the reporting currency are recorded as foreign currency translation adjustments in other comprehensive income ("AOCI") and are held within AOCI until a disposal or partial disposal of a subsidiary. A disposal or partial disposal will then give rise to a realized foreign exchange gain or loss which is recorded in profit or loss.

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d) Use of estimates and judgments

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected.

Information about significant areas of estimation, uncertainty and critical judgments in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the condensed consolidated interim financial statements is included in the following notes:

- Impairment testing - estimates of the recoverability of exploration and evaluation assets
- Depletion and depreciation - oil and natural gas reserves, including future prices, costs and reserve base to use in calculating depletion.
- Valuation and utilization of tax losses - estimates relating to the reversal of temporary differences, tax rates substantively enacted, and likelihood of assets being realized.
- Measurement of stock-based compensation - forfeiture rates and share price volatility
- Decommissioning liabilities - estimates relating to amounts, likelihood, timing, inflation and discount rates.

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The preparation of these financial statements is based on accounting policies and practices consistent with those used in the preparation of the audited consolidated financial statements as at September 30, 2011. The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2011.

a) Basis of Consolidation

(i) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Company. Control exists when the Company has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities. In assessing control, potential voting rights that currently are exercisable are taken into account. The financial statements of subsidiaries are included in the condensed interim consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases.

These financial statements presented are those of LNG Energy Ltd. ("LNG") and the financial statements of its 100% owned subsidiaries LNG Energy US Inc. ("LNG US"), LNG Energy (BC) Ltd. ("LNG BC"), Kunagu Real Estate ("Kunagu"), Kaynes Capital S.a.r.l. ("Kaynes"), Telemu No. 18 Ltd. ("Telemu"), LNG Energy (PNG) Limited, ("LNG PNG"), LNG Energy No. 2 Limited ("LNG No. 2), Basin Tishomingo Holdings Inc. ("BTH"), and BWB Exploration, LLC ("BWB"). These condensed consolidated interim financial statements also include a proportionate consolidation of LNG's 50% owned subsidiaries Joyce Podlase LLC ("Joyce") and Maryani Podlase LLC ("Maryani") which each own 100% of Joyce Investment SP. z.o.o. ("Joyce Investments") and Maryani Investments SP

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z.o.o. ("Maryani Investments") respectively. Also, Kaynes holds a 20.18% interest in Saponis Investments SP. z.o.o. ("Saponis") in which the Company also proportionately consolidates. All intercompany transactions have been eliminated on consolidation.

- (ii) Jointly controlled operations and jointly controlled assets

Many of the Company's oil and natural gas activities involve jointly controlled assets. The financial statements include the Company's share of these jointly controlled assets and a proportionate share of the relevant revenue and related costs.

- (iii) Transactions eliminated on consolidation

Intercompany balances and transactions, and any unrealized income and expenses arising from intercompany transactions, are eliminated in preparing the financial statements.

b) Financial instruments

Non-derivative financial instruments are comprised of amounts receivable, cash and cash equivalents, accounts payable and loans payable. Non-derivative financial instruments are recognized initially at fair value plus any directly attributable transaction costs for instruments which are not at fair value and is recorded in profit or loss. Subsequent to initial recognition non-derivative financial instruments are measured as described below.

Cash and cash equivalents are comprised of cash on hand, term deposits held with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less. Other non-derivative financial instruments, such as amounts receivable, accounts payable and loans payable, are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses.

c) New standards and interpretations not yet adopted

Certain pronouncements have been issued by the IASB, or the IFRS Interpretations Committee that are mandatory for accounting years beginning on or after January 1, 2012 or later years.

- (i) Effective for annual periods beginning on or after July 1, 2012

IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements (effective January 1, 2013).

This standard has been amended to revise the presentation of other comprehensive income.

- (ii) Effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013

IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures.

The amendment to IFRS 7 enhances the disclosure required when offsetting financial assets and liabilities.

IFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements (effective January 1, 2013).

IFRS 10 replaces the consolidation guidance in IAS 27 Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements and SIC-12 Consolidation — Special Purpose Entities by introducing a single consolidation model for all entities based on control, irrespective of the nature of the investee, that is whether an entity is controlled through voting rights of investors or through other contractual arrangements as is common in special purpose entities. This standard is applicable for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013 but is available for early adoption so

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long as IFRS 11 Joint Arrangements, IFRS 12 Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities, IAS 27 Separate Financial Statements (2011) and IAS 28 Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures (2011) are also early applied. The Company is currently assessing the impact that the adoption of these standards may have on its financial statements.

IFRS 11 Joint Arrangements (effective January 1, 2013).

IFRS 11 introduces new accounting requirements for joint arrangements, replacing IAS 31 Interests in Joint Ventures. The option to apply the proportional consolidation method when accounting for jointly controlled entities is removed. Additionally, IFRS 11 eliminates jointly controlled assets to now only differentiate between joint operations and joint ventures. A joint operation is a joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control have rights to the assets and obligations for the liabilities. A joint venture is a joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control have rights to the net assets. This standard is applicable for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013 but is available for early adoption so long as IFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements, IFRS 12 Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities, IAS 27 Separate Financial Statements (2011) and IAS 28 Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures (2011) are also early applied. The Company is currently assessing the impact that the adoption of these standards may have on its financial statements.

IFRS 12 Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities (effective January 1, 2013).

IFRS 12 requires enhanced disclosures about both consolidated entities and unconsolidated entities in which an entity has involvement. The objective of IFRS 12 is to require information so that financial statement users may evaluate the basis of control, any restrictions on consolidated assets and liabilities, risk exposures arising from involvements with unconsolidated structured entities and non-controlling interest holders' involvement in the activities of consolidated entities. This standard is applicable for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013 but is available for early adoption. IFRS 12 disclosure is encouraged prior to adoption of the standard. This early disclosure does not require the entity to apply IFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements, IFRS 11 Joint Arrangements, IAS 27 Separate Financial Statements (2011) and IAS 28 Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures (2011). The Company is currently assessing the impact that the adoption of these standards may have on its financial statements.

IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement (effective January 1, 2013).

The main provisions of IFRS 13 includes defining fair value, setting out in a single standard framework for measuring fair value, and specifying certain disclosure requirements about fair value measurements.

IAS 27 Separate Financial Statements (2011) (effective January 1, 2013).

The requirements relating to separate financial statements are unchanged and are included in the amended IAS 27. The other portions of IAS 27 are replaced by IFRS 10. These amendments are applicable for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013 but are available for early adoption so long as IFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements, IFRS 11 Joint Arrangements, IFRS 12 Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities, and IAS 28 Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures (2011) are also early applied. The Company is currently assessing the impact that the adoption of these standards may have on its financial statements.

IAS 28 Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures (2011) (effective January 1, 2013).

IAS 28 is amended for conforming changes based on the issuance of IFRS 10, IFRS 11 and IFRS 12. These amendments are applicable for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013 but are available for early adoption so long as IFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements, IFRS 11 Joint Arrangements, IFRS 12 Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities, and IAS 27

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Separate Financial Statements (2011) are also early applied. The Company is currently assessing the impact that the adoption of these standards may have on its financial statements.

(iii) Effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2014

IAS 32 Financial Instruments: Presentation (effective January 1, 2015).

The amendments to IAS 32 pertained to the application guidance on the offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities, focused on four main areas: the meaning of 'currently has a legally enforceable right of set-off', the application of simultaneous realization and settlement, the offsetting of collateral amounts and the unit of account for applying the offsetting requirements. The Company is currently assessing the impact that the adoption of these standards may have on its financial statements.

IFRS 9, Financial Instruments (effective January 1, 2015).

The standard is the first step in the process to replace IAS 39, Financial instruments: recognition and measurement. IFRS 9 introduces new requirements for classifying and measuring financial assets and liabilities and carries over from the requirements of IAS 39, Financial instruments: recognition and measurement, derecognition of financial assets and financial liabilities. This standard is not applicable until January 1, 2015 but is available for early adoption. The Company is currently assessing the impact that the adoption of IFRS 9 may have on its financial statements.

5. DETERMINATION OF FAIR VALUES

A number of the Company's accounting policies and disclosures require the determination of fair value, for both financial and non-financial assets and liabilities. Fair values have been determined for measurement and/or disclosure purposes based on the methods described below. When applicable, further information about the assumptions made in determining fair values is disclosed in the notes specific to that asset or liability.

(i) Property, plant and equipment:

The fair value of PP&E recognized in an acquisition, is based on market values. The market value of PP&E is the estimated amount for which property, plant & equipment could be exchanged on the acquisition date between a willing buyer and a willing seller in an arm's length transaction after proper marketing wherein the parties had each acted knowledgeably, prudently and without compulsion. The market value of oil and natural gas interests (included in PP&E) is estimated with reference to the discounted cash flows expected to be derived from oil and natural gas production based on externally prepared reserve reports. The risk-adjusted discount rate is specific to the asset with reference to general market conditions.

(ii) Cash and cash equivalents, amounts receivable, accounts payable and loans payable:

The fair value of cash and cash equivalents, amounts receivable, accounts payable and loans payable are estimated at the present value of future cash flows, discounted at the market rate of interest at the reporting date. As at the dates of the statement of financial position, the fair value of these balances approximate their carrying values due to their short term to maturity.

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(iii) Stock options:

The fair value of employee stock options is measured using a Black Scholes option pricing model. Measurement inputs include share price on measurement date, exercise price of the instrument, expected volatility (based on weighted average historic volatility adjusted for changes expected due to publicly available information), weighted average expected life of the instruments (based on historical experience and general option holder behavior), expected dividends, and the risk-free interest rate (based on government bonds).

The carrying value of cash and cash equivalents, amounts receivable, accounts payable and loans payable included in the condensed consolidated interim financial statements approximate their fair value due to the short term nature of these instruments.

6. ACQUISITION

Joyce Podlaise and Maryani Podlaise LLC acquisition

On February 17, 2011, the Company, through its wholly owned subsidiary, Kaynes Capital S.a.r.l. ("Kaynes"), acquired a 50% interest in Joyce Podlaise LLC ("Joyce") and a 50% interest in Maryani Podlaise LLC ("Maryani") for a total cash purchase price of US\$4,000,000 (Cdn\$3,878,400). Joyce and Maryani each hold 100% interests in two oil and gas exploration concessions in Poland.

Allocation of the purchase price to the assets and liabilities acquired is as follows:

Exploration and evaluation assets	\$	3,907,743
Current assets less current liabilities		(29,343)
Total net assets acquired	\$	3,878,400

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(in Canadian dollars)

7. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

The Company sold all of its working interest in oil and gas leases in Oklahoma for cash proceeds of \$4,960,188 (US\$5,207,000) in the May 2011.

The following table presents summarized financial information related to the discontinued operation of the US assets:

Statement of operations	Three Months Ended June 30,		Nine Months Ended June 30,	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
Depletion and depreciation	\$ -	\$ (508)	\$ -	\$ 46,447
General and administration expenses	415	232,043	3,632	263,164
Foreign exchange loss	(15,012)	1,511,381	1,118	1,537,050
Professional fees	26,570	56,973	28,971	93,501
Total expenses	(11,973)	(1,799,889)	(33,721)	(1,940,162)
Oil and gas revenue	-	-	-	78,761
Other income	(1,138)	-	-	-
Impairment	-	-	-	(13,760,603)
Tax recovery (expense)	163	(10,943)	(25,969)	2,255,457
Loss from discontinued operations	\$ (12,948)	\$ (1,810,832)	\$ (59,690)	\$ (13,366,547)

Statement of cash flows	Three Months Ended June 30,		Nine Months Ended June 30,	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
General and administration expenses	\$ 415	\$ 232,043	\$ 3,632	\$ 263,164
Income tax expense	(163)	10,943	25,969	-
Professional fees	26,570	56,973	28,971	93,501
Oil and gas revenue	-	-	-	(78,761)
Other income	1,138	-	-	-
Cash used in discontinued operations	\$ 27,960	\$ 299,959	\$ 58,572	\$ 277,904

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8. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS

	Total
Cost or deemed cost	
Balance, October 1, 2010	\$ 32,198,880
Additions	18,601,143
Acquisition (Note 6)	3,907,743
Change in decommissioning obligations	34,669
Capitalized stock-based compensation	1,587,148
Foreign currency translation	4,497,198
Balance, September 30, 2011	\$ 60,826,781
Additions	13,043,362
Change in decommissioning obligations	37
Capitalized stock-based compensation	284,805
Foreign currency translation	4,503,956
Balance, June 30, 2012	\$ 78,658,941

Papua New Guinea

The Company holds a 100% working interests in four Petroleum Prospecting Licenses ("PPL") and one Petroleum Retention License ("PRL") through permits received from the Minister of Petroleum and Energy for Papua New Guinea on November 20, 2008. The Company has submitted a renewal application to the Department of Petroleum and Energy ("DPE") in Papua New Guinea for PRL 13 which expired on January 27, 2012. An application for an extension was submitted in July 2011. The granting of this extension is expected in 2012.

The licenses are subject to a 22.5% back-in participation right in favour of the government, which the government may exercise upon payment of 22.5% of the costs incurred in the development of the property. The back-in participation right also includes a 2% revenue royalty payment obligation to indigenous groups, which is only payable if the government exercises its back-in participation right.

The PPL licenses have a six year term along with work requirements for each license. These requirements include the acquisition of a minimum of 10km of seismic as well as the drilling of an exploration well conditional on the seismic results showing a drillable target for each PPL. PRL 13 was renewed for one year and has a conditional minimum expenditure requirement of US\$1 million which includes the acquisition of a minimum of 10km of 2D seismic, the reprocessing of all existing 2D seismic and the incorporation of surface sampling and well control to ensure a comprehensive geological model. Recovery of costs in the Papua New Guinea properties is uncertain and is dependent upon achieving commercial production or sale. If the Company does not meet these work program requirements, it may result in the loss of the licenses.

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The conditional minimum work expenditures related to these licenses as at June 30, 2012 on each PPL and PRL are:

PPL#	Minimum Expenditures (in USD)	Date Required for Minimum Expenditures
PRL 13	\$ 1,000,000	January 27, 2012
PPL 319	\$ 12,000,000	November 29, 2012
PPL 320	\$ 12,000,000	November 29, 2012
PPL 321	\$ 12,000,000	November 29, 2012
PPL 322	\$ 12,000,000	November 29, 2012
	\$ 49,000,000	

During the three and nine months ended June 30, 2012, \$23,344 of stock based compensation expense were capitalized (\$791,504 and \$939,807 of stock based compensation for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2011). During the three and nine months ended June 30, 2012 \$143,111 and \$1,595,864 of general and administrative costs were capitalized (\$417,949 and \$1,943,259 of general and administrative costs respectively for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2011). During the year ended September 30, 2011, \$1,049,607 of stock based compensation expense and \$2,241,195 of general and administrative costs were capitalized.

Poland

The Company has a 20.18% net working interest in three concessions (Slupsk, Starogard and Slawno) in Poland. The other partners are BNK, Sorgenia E&P S.p.A., and Rohol-Aufsuchungs Aktiengesellschaft. These three concessions have license commitments that will require the drilling and testing of the second wells in each of the three concessions by June 2014.

The terms of these concessions will require the Company to fund its proportionate 20.18% share of all operational costs.

In February 2011, the Company's wholly owned subsidiary, Kaynes acquired a 50% interest in two oil and gas concessions (Ilawa and Wegrow) for US\$4,000,000 (Note 6). The terms of both the Ilawa and Wegrow concessions include the requirement to reprocess existing seismic data and the acquisition of 50km of new 2D seismic in each concession by June 2012. As of June 2012, these commitments were fully met. The Wegrow concession terms also include the requirement to drill a well to a depth of 2,750m by December 2013. In June of 2012, the Company filed and received a renewal for the Ilawa concession extending the term to maximum of an additional 5 years. This extension carries a commitment to commence drilling a well in Ilawa no later than Q4 2014.

If the Company does not fund its proportionate share of expenditures in Poland, the Company's working interest may be reduced through dilution to the other partners.

During the three and nine months ended June 30, 2012, \$58,857 and \$296,555 of stock based compensation costs were capitalized in Poland (\$346,980 for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2011 and \$542,030 for the year ended September 30, 2011). \$106,251 in general and administrative costs were capitalized during the three and nine months ended June 30, 2012 (\$55,640 for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2011 and \$311,175 for the year ended September 30, 2011). Recovery of costs in the Poland properties is uncertain and is dependent upon achieving commercial production or sale.

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Bulgaria

In September 2011, the Company entered into a farm-in transaction with a wholly owned subsidiary of TransAtlantic Petroleum Ltd. ("TransAtlantic"), to earn a 50% interest in a future production concession in Bulgaria. LNG is expected fund up to US\$20 million for a 50% undivided interest in the Etropole concession. The application for the Etropole concession has been submitted. LNG will fund up to US\$7.5 million to immediately drill, core and test a 3,200 meter (approximately 10,500 foot) exploration well on the A-Lovech exploration license in Bulgaria targeting the Middle Jurassic Etropole shale formation. A total of US\$7,492,122 has been funded as at June 30, 2012 to drill the first exploration well.

If the Etropole concession is granted, an additional US\$5 million is payable if the Etropole Concession covers not less than an aggregate of 300,000 acres. This 300,000 acre requirement will be reduced by the amount of acreage covered by a production concession that TransAtlantic has applied for up to a maximum reduction of 100,000 acres if the production concession is granted prior to the Etropole concession. The remaining US\$7.5 million is expected to be used to drill a second well or for other exploration activities on the Etropole Concession after it has been granted.

In January 2012, the Bulgarian Parliament enacted legislation which among other things, bans fracture stimulation in Bulgaria. The Company is in the process of assessing the impact of the legislation on its operations in Bulgaria. While the legislation creates uncertainty with respect to the ultimate cost recovery of the Company's assets in Bulgaria, management does not believe that any impairment exists with respect to those assets to date. Recovery of costs in the Bulgarian property is uncertain and is dependent upon achieving commercial production or sale.

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9. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Oil and natural gas assets (Note 7)	Other	Total
Cost or deemed cost			
Balance, October 1, 2010	\$ 17,683,108	\$ 369,152	\$ 18,052,260
Additions	260,112	74,139	334,251
Dispositions	(5,460,188)	(53,277)	(5,513,465)
Foreign currency translation	(829,339)	(49,316)	(878,655)
Balance, September 30, 2011	\$ 11,653,693	\$ 340,698	\$ 11,994,391
Additions	-	6,322	6,322
Foreign currency translation	-	60,438	60,438
Balance, June 30, 2012	\$ 11,653,693	\$ 407,458	\$ 12,061,151
Accumulated depletion and depreciation			
Balance, October 1, 2010	\$ 201,062	\$ 146,994	\$ 348,056
Depletion and depreciation	46,348	41,094	87,442
Disposition	-	(30,108)	(30,108)
Impairment	11,406,283	-	11,406,283
Foreign currency translation	-	(19,186)	(19,186)
Balance, September 30, 2011	\$ 11,653,693	\$ 138,794	\$ 11,792,487
Depreciation	-	32,017	32,017
Foreign currency translation	-	28,421	28,421
Balance, June 30, 2012	\$ 11,653,693	\$ 199,232	\$ 11,852,925
Net book value			
Balance, October 1, 2010			\$ 17,704,204
Balance, September 30, 2011			\$ 201,904
Balance, June 30, 2012			\$ 208,226

In May 2011, through its subsidiary, the Company completed the sale all of its working interest in oil and gas leases in Carter County, Oklahoma for \$4,960,188 (US\$5,207,000) in cash. (see Note 7).

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10. JOINT VENTURES

Saponis Investments SP z.o.o.

Saponis holds 3 oil and gas concessions in Poland: Starogard, Slupsk and Slawno. The original work commitment under these concessions is comprised of additional core analysis, geological work and spudding of one well during the first 18 months from the date of grant on each concession. A second well also has to be drilled on each concession.

The terms and conditions of participation require the Company to fund 20.18% of all costs related to the concessions. The other partners are BNK, Sorgenia E&P S.p.A., and Rohol-Aufsuchungs Aktiengesellschaft. The Company's net interest in Saponis is accounted for on a proportionate consolidation basis.

For the three and nine months ended June 30, 2012, year ended September 30, 2011 and October 1, 2010, the Company's net share of amounts attributed to it by the joint venture was as follows:

	June 30, 2012	September 30, 2011	October 1, 2010
Balance sheet:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 710,064	\$ 3,131,857	\$ 26,524
Amounts receivable	127,255	266,499	82,603
Prepaid expenses, advances and other deposits	27,137	14,494	-
Exploration and evaluation assets	8,262,128	6,577,456	668,128
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(478,649)	(5,327,345)	(818,561)
Decommissioning obligations	(37,857)	(37,820)	(3,019)
	\$ 8,610,078	\$ 4,625,141	\$ (44,325)

	Three months ended June 30,		Nine months ended June 30,	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
Income statement:				
Other income	\$ (10,856)	\$ -	\$ (23,256)	\$ 3,458
Expenses	91,743	(60,560)	341,078	(163,788)
Foreign exchange loss	374,686	-	419,205	-
Net loss	\$ 455,573	\$ (60,560)	\$ 737,027	\$ (160,330)

Joyce Podlaise, LLC and Maryani Podlaise, LLC

In February 2011, the Company, through its subsidiary, Kaynes, acquired a 50% interest in Joyce and a 50% interest in Maryani for a total purchase price of US\$4,000,000.

The terms and conditions of participation requires the Company to fund 50% of all costs related to the concessions. The other partner is San Leon Energy Plc ("San Leon"). The Company's net interest in Joyce and Maryani is accounted for on a proportionate consolidation basis. The Company is the operator for both concessions.

For the three and nine months ended June 30, 2012 and year ended September 30, 2011, the Company's net share of amounts attributed to it by the joint venture was as follows:

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	June 30,		September 30,		
	2012		2011		
Balance sheet:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	269,434	\$	3,241	
Amounts receivable		126,699		12,040	
Exploration and evaluation assets		5,361,446		4,945,253	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		-396,897		1,176	
Net contribution from Joint Ventures	\$	5,360,682	\$	4,961,710	
Income statement:					
		Three months ended		Nine months ended	
		June 30,		June 30,	
		2012	2011	2012	2011
Expenses	\$	(12,362)	\$ (12,040)	\$ (37,362)	\$ (24,329)
Net loss	\$	(12,362)	\$ (12,040)	\$ (37,362)	\$ (24,329)

11. DECOMMISSIONING OBLIGATIONS

The following table presents the reconciliation of the beginning and ending aggregate carrying amount of the obligation associated with asset retirement costs of the Wytowno, Starogard and Lebork wells in Poland:

	June 30,		September 30,	
	2012		2011	
Balance, beginning of period	\$	37,820	\$	3,019
Addition		-		41,970
Disposition		-		(3,067)
Change in estimates		(1,646)		(4,234)
Accretion expense		1,683		132
Balance, end of period	\$	37,857	\$	37,820

The undiscounted cash flow required to settle the obligation for the Wytowno, Starogard and Lebork wells in Poland is approximately \$183,960, representing the Company's 20.18% working interest, with an estimated abandonment date of 2026.

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12. LOANS PAYABLE

On February 27, 2012, the Company's wholly owned subsidiary, Kaynes, completed non-revolving credit facilities totaling US\$5,000,000 ("the Loans"). The Loans are repayable within one year on or before February 27, 2013. Funds drawn under the credit facility are secured against all of the assets of Kaynes. Interest is accrued at a fixed rate of 7% per annum. In the event that Kaynes disposes of certain assets prior to February 27, 2016, Kaynes will be required to pay the lenders a contingent bonus of 12.5% of the proceeds arising from the disposition of such assets. For the three and nine month period ended June 30, 2012, the interest expense related to the Loans is \$123,778.

13. SHARE CAPITAL

a) Authorized

Unlimited common shares without par value.

On September 14, 2011, the Company completed a public offering of 80,460,000 common shares at a price of \$0.25 per common share for gross proceeds of \$20,115,000. Total share issuance costs were \$1,540,461.

b) Per share amounts

Per share amounts have been calculated using the weighted average number of common shares outstanding. The weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2012 is 338,697,467 and 338,586,518 respectively (three and nine months ended June 30, 2011 - 257,850,024 and 257,646,325 respectively). The average number of common shares outstanding was not increased for outstanding stock options as the effect would be anti-dilutive.

c) Stock Options

The following table summarizes information about stock option transactions:

	Number of Options	Average Exercise Price
Balance, October 1, 2010	13,395,000	\$0.46
Granted	12,580,000	\$0.52
Exercised	(825,000)	\$0.23
Forfeited	(4,700,000)	\$0.53
Balance, September 30, 2011	20,450,000	\$0.49
Granted	9,065,000	\$0.25
Exercised	(200,000)	\$0.10
Forfeited	(4,500,000)	\$0.45
Balance, June 30, 2012	24,815,000	\$0.51

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The following table summarizes information about the stock options outstanding at June 30, 2012:

Exercise Price	Outstanding Options	Options Exercisable	Expiry Date
\$0.67	150,000	150,000	September 20, 2012
\$0.58	3,000,000	3,000,000	November 27, 2012
\$0.56	750,000	750,000	February 1, 2013
\$0.275	1,490,000	1,490,000	May 1, 2013
\$0.19	1,280,000	1,280,000	May 14, 2014
\$0.35	500,000	500,000	November 23, 2015
\$0.59	6,180,000	6,180,000	April 18, 2016
\$0.53	2,400,000	1,600,000	June 07, 2016
\$0.25	150,000	100,000	October 19, 2016
\$0.15	8,915,000	-	April 24, 2017
	24,815,000	15,050,000	

Assumptions used to value options in the Black-Scholes option-pricing model are as follows:

	Three and nine months ended June 30,	
	2012	2011
Risk-free interest rate	1.40%	1.68 - 2.05%
Expected life	5 years	2.1 - 5 years
Expected volatility	108%	112% - 128%
Expected dividends	Nil	Nil
Average value per option	\$0.14	\$0.27 - \$0.48

A forfeiture rate of 12% (2011 - 3%) is used when recording stock based compensation. This estimate is adjusted to the actual forfeiture rate. Stock based compensation cost for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2012 of \$55,728 and \$70,907 respectively (three and nine months ended June 30, 2011 - \$2,780,268 and \$3,560,454 respectively) was expensed during 2012. The Company capitalized \$80,201 and \$296,555 respectively for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2012 (\$1,246,494 and \$1,386,085 respectively for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2011). This resulted in a change within contributed surplus of \$135,929 and \$367,462 respectively for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2012 (\$4,026,762 and \$4,946,539 respectively for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2011).

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14. SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE WITH RESPECT TO CASH FLOWS

a) Changes in non-cash working capital are as follows:

	Three months ended June 30,		Nine Months Ended June 30,	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
Amounts receivable	\$ (178,476)	\$ (113,537)	\$ (124,918)	\$ (438,283)
Prepaid expenses, advances and other term deposits	58,227	(43,665)	(40,168)	(152,035)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(246,494)	(847,325)	(5,494,123)	(87,230)
Change in non-cash working capital	\$ (366,743)	\$ (1,004,527)	\$ (5,659,209)	\$ (677,548)
Relating to:				
Operating activities	\$ (109,172)	(1,116,645)	\$ (1,005,319)	(645,439)
Investing activities	(257,571)	112,118	(4,653,890)	(32,109)
Change in non-cash working capital	\$ (366,743)	\$ (1,004,527)	\$ (5,659,209)	\$ (677,548)

15. SEGMENT INFORMATION

Geographic Information:

The Company operates in one reportable operating segment, being the exploration of oil and gas properties in Papua New Guinea, Bulgaria and Poland. The geographical information is as follows:

As at June 30, 2012	Papua New Guinea	Bulgaria	Poland	Canada	Total
Current assets	\$ 476,876	\$ -	\$ 2,240,757	\$ 561,735	\$ 3,279,368
Investments	-	-	-	1,023	1,023
E&E assets	56,889,131	7,658,076	14,111,734	-	78,658,941
Property, plant and equipment	111,138	-	-	97,088	208,226
	\$ 57,477,145	\$ 7,658,076	\$ 16,352,491	\$ 659,846	\$ 82,147,558

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As at September 30, 2011	Papua New Guinea	Bulgaria	Poland	Canada	Total
Current assets	\$ 1,028,724	\$ -	\$ 8,410,348	\$ 11,943,392	\$ 21,382,464
Investments	-	-	-	5,243	5,243
E&E assets	44,225,416	5,055,250	11,546,115	-	60,826,781
Property, plant and equipment	96,295	-	-	105,609	201,904
	\$ 45,350,435	\$ 5,055,250	\$ 19,956,463	\$ 12,054,244	\$ 82,416,392

Three Months Ended June 30, 2011	Papua New Guinea	United States	Poland	Canada	Total
Oil and gas revenue	\$ -	\$ 40,341	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 40,341
Nine Months Ended June 30, 2011	Papua New Guinea	United States	Poland	Canada	Total
Oil and gas revenue*	\$ -	\$ 76,601	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 76,601

* disclosed as discontinued operation (see Note 7)

16. TRANSITION TO IFRS

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements are the Company's first under IFRS.

The adoption of IFRS requires the application of IFRS 1. IFRS 1 generally requires that an entity retrospectively apply all IFRS effective at the end of its first IFRS reporting period; however IFRS 1 provides certain mandatory exceptions and permits limited optional exemptions. Certain IFRS 1 optional exemptions have been applied including:

- Deemed cost exemption for full cost oil and gas entities whereby exploration and evaluation assets were classified from the full cost pool to E&E.
- Decommissioning obligation exemption that allows any changes in decommissioning obligations on transition to IFRS to be adjusted through opening retained earnings.
- Stock-based compensation exemption that allows a company to only have to evaluate share based compensation awards that were unvested as of the date of transition.
- Business combination exemption that allows a company to not have to restate any business combination that occurred prior to the date of transition.
- Cumulative translation differences exemption which eliminated the cumulative translation differences and adjusted deficit by the same amount at the date of transition to IFRS.

The accounting policies in Note 4 have been applied in preparing the condensed interim consolidated financial statements for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2012, the comparative information for the three months and nine months ended June 30, 2011 and the preparation of the opening IFRS balance sheet at October 1, 2010, the Company's date of transition to IFRS.

In preparing its opening IFRS balance sheet, comparative information for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2011 and condensed consolidated financial statements for the year ended September 31,

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2011, the Company adjusted amounts previously reported in financial statements prepared in accordance with former previous GAAP. An explanation of how the transition from former previous GAAP to IFRS has affected the Company's financial position, financial performance and cash flows is set out in the following tables and notes accompanying the tables.

Reconciliation of the Consolidated Statement of Financial Positions:

	Note	As at October 1, 2010			As at September 30, 2011		
		Canadian GAAP	Effect of transition to IFRS	IFRS	Canadian GAAP	Effect of transition to IFRS	IFRS
ASSETS							
Current							
Cash and cash equivalents		\$ 10,036,105	\$ -	\$ 10,036,105	\$ 20,510,667	\$ -	\$ 20,510,667
Short term investments		9,015,750	-	9,015,750	-	-	-
Amounts receivable		314,242	-	314,242	409,267	-	409,267
Prepaid expenses, advances and other deposits		423,467	-	423,467	462,530	-	462,530
		19,789,564	-	19,789,564	21,382,464	-	21,382,464
Investments		6,176	-	6,176	5,243	-	5,243
Exploration and evaluation assets	A, E	-	32,198,880	32,198,880	-	60,826,781	60,826,781
Property, plant and equipment	E	51,050,573	(33,346,369)	17,704,204	56,475,427	(56,273,523)	201,904
Total Assets		\$ 70,846,313	\$ (1,147,489)	\$ 69,698,824	\$ 77,863,134	\$ 4,553,258	\$ 82,416,392
LIABILITIES							
Current							
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		\$ 1,442,148	\$ -	\$ 1,442,148	\$ 6,685,214	\$ -	\$ 6,685,214
		1,442,148	-	1,442,148	6,685,214	-	6,685,214
Deferred tax liabilities	D	3,065,151	(3,065,151)	-	1,775,587	(1,775,587)	-
Decommissioning obligations	C	3,119	(100)	3,019	42,117	(4,297)	37,820
Total Liabilities		4,510,418	(3,065,251)	1,445,167	8,502,918	(1,779,884)	6,723,034
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY							
Share capital		84,033,523	-	84,033,523	103,055,103	-	103,055,103
Contributed surplus	B	7,155,373	(12,022)	7,143,351	11,996,847	76,589	12,073,436
Accumulated other comprehensive income	A	(987,772)	987,772	-	71,866	4,912,975	4,984,841
Deficit		(23,865,229)	942,012	(22,923,217)	(45,763,600)	1,343,578	(44,420,022)
Total Shareholders' Equity		66,335,895	1,917,762	68,253,657	69,360,216	6,333,142	75,693,358
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		\$ 70,846,313	\$ (1,147,489)	69,698,824	\$ 77,863,134	\$ 4,553,258	82,416,392

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Reconciliation of the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position:

	Note	As at June 30, 2011		IFRS
		Canadian GAAP	Effect of transition to IFRS	
ASSETS				
Current				
Cash		\$ 3,609,963	\$ -	\$ 3,609,963
Short term investments		2,707,875	-	2,707,875
Amounts receivable		752,525	-	752,525
Prepaid expenses, advances and other deposits		575,502	-	575,502
		7,645,865	-	7,645,865
Investment		18,328	-	18,328
Exploration and evaluation assets	A, E	-	47,532,506	47,532,506
Property, plant and equipment	E	47,197,763	(46,981,775)	215,988
Total Assets		\$ 54,861,956	\$ 550,731	\$ 55,412,687
LIABILITIES				
Current				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		1,416,370	-	1,416,370
Total current liabilities		1,416,370	-	1,416,370
Deferred tax liabilities	D	-	-	-
Future income taxes		1,775,587	(1,775,587)	-
Decommissioning obligations		62,729	(8,399)	54,330
Total Liabilities		3,254,686	(1,783,986)	1,470,700
EQUITY				
Share capital		84,365,999	-	84,365,999
Contributed surplus	B	11,943,126	(43,373)	11,899,753
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	A	(32,447)	1,353,176	1,320,729
Deficit	A	(44,669,408)	1,024,914	(43,644,494)
Total Shareholders' Equity		51,607,270	2,334,717	53,941,987
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		\$ 54,861,956	\$ 550,731	\$ 55,412,687

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Reconciliation of the Consolidated Statement of Loss and Comprehensive Loss:

	Note	For the three months ended June, 2011			For the nine months ended June 30, 2011		
		Canadian GAAP	Effect of transition to IFRS	IFRS	Canadian GAAP	Effect of transition to IFRS	IFRS
Expenses							
Exploration and evaluation expenditures		\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Depletion and depreciation		16,375	-	16,375	42,765	-	42,765
General and administrative expenses		555,401	-	555,401	1,982,899	-	1,982,899
Loss on disposal of asset		-	-	-	20,702	-	20,702
Unrealized loss (gain) on investment		(8,630)	-	(8,630)	(12,152)	-	(12,152)
Professional fees		407,154	-	407,154	1,249,396	-	1,249,396
Stock based compensation (Note 12)	B	2,780,268	-	2,780,268	3,596,361	(35,907)	3,560,454
Travel and business development		141,461	-	141,461	447,495	-	447,495
Results from operating activities		(3,892,029)	-	(3,892,029)	(7,327,466)	35,907	(7,291,559)
Foreign exchange gain (loss)	A	76,866	(38,385)	38,481	(125,564)	46,995	(78,569)
Other income (expense)		(84,709)	-	(84,709)	13,065	-	13,065
Loss from continuing operations before tax and non-controlling interest		(3,899,872)	(38,385)	(3,938,257)	(7,439,965)	46,995	(7,357,063)
Current income tax expense		13,507	-	13,507	2,333	-	2,333
Loss from continuing operations		(3,886,365)	(38,385)	(3,924,750)	(7,437,632)	82,902	(7,354,730)
Loss from discontinued operations		(1,810,832)	-	(1,810,832)	(13,366,547)	-	(13,366,547)
Net loss		\$ (5,697,197)	\$ (38,385)	\$ (5,735,582)	\$ (20,804,179)	\$ 82,902	\$ (20,721,277)
Cumulative translation adjustment	A	1,699,378	2,785,294	4,484,672	955,325	365,404	1,320,729
Comprehensive loss		\$ (3,997,819)	\$ 2,746,909	\$ (1,250,910)	\$ (19,848,854)	\$ 448,306	\$ (19,400,548)

LNG Energy Ltd.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)
As of and for the Three and Nine Months Ended June 30, 2012 and 2011
(in Canadian dollars)

Reconciliation of the Consolidated Statement of Loss and Comprehensive Loss:

	Note	For the year ended September 30, 2011		
		Canadian GAAP	Effect of transition to IFRS	IFRS
Expenses				
Depletion and depreciation		\$ 60,854	\$ -	\$ 60,854
General and administrative expenses		2,274,263	-	2,274,263
Loss on disposal of asset		20,914	-	20,914
Unrealized loss (gain) on investment		933	-	933
Professional fees		2,309,769	-	2,309,769
Stock based compensation (Note 12)	B	3,596,361	(69,443)	3,526,918
Travel and business development		648,763	-	648,763
Write-down of asset		24,122	-	24,122
Results from operating activities		(8,935,979)	69,443	(8,866,536)
Foreign exchange gain (loss)	A	(436,680)	332,123	(104,557)
Other income		114,835	-	114,835
		(321,845)	332,123	10,278
Loss from continuing operations		(9,257,824)	401,566	(8,856,258)
Loss from discontinued operations		(12,640,547)	-	(12,640,547)
Net loss		\$ (21,898,371)	\$ 401,566	(21,496,805)
Cumulative translation adjustment	A	1,059,638	3,925,203	4,984,841
Comprehensive loss		\$ (20,838,733)	\$ 4,326,769	\$ (16,511,964)

LNG Energy Ltd.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)
As of and for the Three and Nine Months Ended June 30, 2012 and 2011
(in Canadian dollars)

Impact of Transition to IFRS on previous year results.

- A. Foreign Currency Translation - Under previous GAAP, LNG concluded that the functional currency of its foreign operating subsidiaries in PNG is the Canadian dollar. As a result of differences in the guidance for functional currency determination, LNG has concluded that under IFRS, the functional currency of PNG subsidiaries will be their respective local currencies, which is the Kina. As a consequence of this change, gains and losses related to the translation of the financial statements of these subsidiaries are recorded through other comprehensive income and do not impact net income until a disposal or partial disposal of a foreign operation. In addition, the capital asset accounts of LNG's PNG subsidiaries are translated to Canadian dollars at the foreign exchange rates in effect at the balance sheet date whereas under previous GAAP, these capital asset accounts were translated at historical rates of exchange. The translation of all balances denominated in foreign currencies resulted in an adjustment at each period from net earnings to other comprehensive income.
- B. Share-based payments - Under previous GAAP, the Company revalued all unvested options to its consultants at the end of each reporting period. Under IFRS, share-based payments are expensed based on a graded vesting schedule without revaluation of all LNG consultants. The Company also incorporated a forfeiture multiplier rather than accounting for forfeitures as they occur. The adjustment to contributed surplus to account for the forfeiture was a decrease of \$Nil and \$35,907 for the three and nine months ended June, 2011 with the offset being charged to deficit.
- C. Decommissioning obligations - Under previous GAAP, the Company treated decommissioning obligations by discounting the estimated decommissioning amount based on a credit adjusted risk-free rate. Under IFRS, the Company is required to revalue its obligation at each balance sheet date using a current liability-specific discount rate. At transition date, there were no significant adjustments to decommissioning obligations.
- D. Deferred income tax - Under previous GAAP, the Company recorded deferred tax liabilities which arise from asset acquisitions due to the temporary differences between accounting and tax. Under IFRS, the Company is to recognize a deferred tax liability for all temporary differences except for transactions which are not considered business combinations. At transition date, the Company reversed \$3,065,151 in deferred tax liabilities in connection with previous asset acquisitions.
- E. Exploration and Evaluation assets - As required under IFRS 6, the Company reclassified \$17,482,046 at October 1, 2010 to Property, plant and equipment. See Note 9.
- F. Cash flow statements - Upon transition to IFRS, there were no significant changes to operating, investing or financing cash flows for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2011.